

Rat Fibroblast Growth Factor 21 (FGF21) CLIA Kit

Catalogue No.:BTA14525

Rat Fibroblast Growth Factor 21 Chemiluminescent Immunoassay (CLIA) Kit is a Competitive Chemiluminescent Immunoassay (CLIA) Kit for use with Serum, plasma, tissue homogenates, cell lysates, cell culture supernates and other biological fluids.

Target: Fibroblast Growth Factor 21 (FGF21)

Reactivity: Rat

Tested Applications: CLIA

Recommended dilutions:Optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

Storage: Shipped at 4 °C. Upon receipt, store the kit according to the storage instruction in the kit's manual.

Validity: The validity for this kit is at least 6 months. Up to 12 months validity can be provided on request.

Stability: The stability of the kit is determined by the rate of activity loss. The loss rate is less than 5% within the expiration date under appropriate storage conditions. To minimize performance fluctuations, operation procedures and lab conditions should be strictly controlled. It is also strongly suggested that the whole assay is performed by the same user throughout.

UniProt Primary AC: Q8VI80 ([UniProt](#), [ExpAS](#))
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Gene Symbol: FGF21

GeneID: [170580](#)

Ensembl: ENSRNOG00000020990

String: [10116.ENSRNOP00000028490](#)

Test Range: 1.17 pg/ml - 300 pg/ml

Sensitivity: < 0.43 pg/ml

Standard Form: Lyophilized

Detection Method: Chemiluminescent

Assay Type: Competitive

Datasheet

Revision date: 10 Oct
2024



BIOTECH ASSAY Inc.

Assay Data: Quantitative

Sample Type: Serum, plasma, tissue homogenates, cell lysates, cell culture supernatants and other biological fluids.

Note: This product is for research use only.
The range and sensitivity is subject to change. Please contact us for the latest product information.
For accurate results, sample concentrations must be diluted to mid-range of the kit. If you require a specific range, please contact us in advance or write your request in your order comments.
Please note that our ELISA and CLIA kits are optimised for detection of native samples, rather than recombinant proteins. We are unable to guarantee detection of recombinant proteins, as they may have different sequences or tertiary structures to the native protein.

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