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# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1 Product identifiers

Product Code: BTA14620

Product Name: Human Immunoglobulin G (IgG) ELISA Development Kit

CAS number: None

Commodity Code (Harmonized Code): 3822.90.00

REACH No.: A registration number is not available for this kit as its substances or its

uses are exempted from registration, the annual tonnage does not require a registration or the registration is envisaged for a later registration deadline

### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended uses: For research use only.

Uses advised against: Not for diagnostic or therapeutic use.

### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company: BIOTECH ASSAY Inc.

1283 Fulghum Rd Hutchins, Texas United States

Telephone: +1 (972)-(225)-(09190) Fax: +1 (122)-(375)-(05951)

E-mail address: info@biotech-assay.com

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

- J,		
Territory	Service	Telephone number
Great Britain (GB)	National Health Service (NHS)	111
Northern Ireland (NI)	General Practitioner services	Check with local providers
United States of America (USA)	Emergency Services	911
European Union (EU)	Emergency Services	112
Rest of World (RoW)	Refer to local services	N/A

## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

## 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Not a hazardous substance or mixture according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008. Not a hazardous substance or mixture according to EC-directives 67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC. According to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29CFR 1910:1200, these products are not considered hazardous.

#### 2.2 Label elements

The product does not need to be labelled in accordance with EC directives or respective national laws as it is not dangerous. Precautionary statements (EU) No. 28 1272/2008, wear protective gloves/protective clothing.

#### 2.3 Other hazards

Physical/chemical hazards:

Not applicable.

Human health hazards:

No specific hazard.

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Substances with endocrine disrupting properties: None.



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# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.1 Substances

Not applicable

#### 3.2 Mixtures

Chemical Name	EC No	CAS No	Weight %	Classification (Reg. 1272/2008)
Sodium azide	247-852-1	26628-22-8	0.1%	Acute Tox. 2 (H300)
				Acute Tox. 1 (H310)
				Aquatic Acute 1 (H400)
				Aquatic Chronic 1 (H410) (EUH032)

## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

## 4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice: Show this safety data sheet to the physician in attendance.

**Ingestion:** Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth with

water. Loosen tight clothing such as ties, belts or waistbands. Do NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Seek

medical attention immediately.

Inhalation: Move person into fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If

breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Seek medical attention immediately.

**Skin contact:** Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and

shoes. Wash any contaminated clothing or shoes before reuse. Seek

medical attention immediately.

Eye contact: Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes and seek

medical attention immediately.

Aggravating conditions: Repeated or prolonged exposure is not known to aggravate medical

conditions.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11.

# 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available.



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**Ingestion:** Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth with

water. Loosen tight clothing such as ties, belts or waistbands. Do NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Seek

medical attention immediately.

**Inhalation:** Move person into fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If

breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Seek medical attention immediately.

**Skin contact:** Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and

shoes. Wash any contaminated clothing or shoes before reuse. Seek

medical attention immediately.

Eye contact: Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes and seek

medical attention immediately.

Aggravating conditions: Repeated or prolonged exposure is not known to aggravate medical

conditions.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11.

**4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**No data available.



# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

## 5.1 Extinguishing media

### Suitable extinguishing media

Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

No data available.

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.

#### 5.4 Further information

No data available.

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment. Avoid breathing vapours, mist or gas. Ensure adequate ventilation. For personal protection see section 8.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains.

## 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Absorb liquid with an absorbent material. Transfer contaminated absorbent to a chemical waste container for disposal.

### 6.4 Reference to other sections

For disposal see section 13.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Wash hands after handling. For precautions see section 2.2.

# 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store according to product and label instructions.

## 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2, no other specific uses are stipulated.





# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1 Control parameters

Ingredient name:	Occupational exposure limits (EH40/2005 WEL, United Kingdom)		
Sodium azide:	TWA (8 h): 0.1 mg/m³.		
	STEL (15 min): 0.3 mg/m³.		

#### Remarks

Store according to product and label instructions.

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

#### Appropriate engineering controls

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Suitable personal protective equipment (PPE) should be worn prior to use. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work day.

#### Eye and face protection

Avoid contact with eyes. Always use protective safety glasses with side-shields conforming to EN 166 (EU).

#### Skin protection

Avoid contact with skin and mucous membranes. Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Always use disposable chemical-resistant gloves conforming to EN 374 (EU) to handle the product. Gloves must be inspected prior to use and should consist of materials such as latex, butyl rubber, ethyl vinyl alcohol laminate (EVAL), neoprene, nitrile/butadiene rubber ("nitrile"/NBR) or polyvinyl chloride ("vinyl"/PVC). When prolonged or frequently repeated contact is expected, gloves with protection class 6 (breakthrough time > 480 min according to EN 374) are recommended. When only brief contact is expected, gloves with protection class 1 (breakthrough time > 10 min according to EN 374) are recommended. The selection of a specific glove type should also take into account all relevant factors, such as but not limited to: other chemicals that may be handled; physical requirements such as puncture protection, dexterity and thermal protection; potential allergic reactions to glove material; and additional instructions and specifications from the glove manufacturer. If gloves are damaged during use, immediately remove and replace. Use proper glove removal technique, ensuring that the outside of the glove does not come into contact with bare skin. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands after use.

#### **Body Protection**

The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and quantity of dangerous substances present at the specific workplace. Impervious clothing, such as laboratory coats, are recommended.

#### Respiratory protection

A respirator is not expected to be required under normal conditions of use. Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate, use a full-face respirator with multi-purpose combination US or type ABEK (EN 14387) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied air respirator. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH US or CEN EU.

# Control of environmental exposure

Comply with applicable environmental regulations. Do not let product enter drains.



# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State: Liquid (Capture Antibody and Detection Antibody) at room temperature.

Colour: No data available.

Odour: No data available.

Melting point/freezing point: Essentially that of water.

Initial boiling point and boiling range: Essentially that of water.

Flammability:

Lower and upper explosion limit:

No data available.

Solubility: Soluble.

Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water): No data available.

Vapour pressure: No data available.

Relative density: No data available.

Relative vapour density: No data available.

Particle characteristics: No data available.

### 9.2.1 Information with regard to physical hazard classes

None applicable.

### 9.2.2 Other safety information

None applicable.

## **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

# 10.1 Reactivity

No known reactions when used as described.

### 10.2 Chemical stability

Product is stable under normal operating conditions and when used as described in the product technical data sheet.

# 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No known hazardous reactions when used as described in the product technical data sheet.

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Acute toxicity: Calcium chloride: LD50 (Oral, Rat): 1000 mg/kg Skin irritant.

(Anhydrous) May cause damage to: heart, muscle

Cobalt (II) chloride: LD50 (Oral, Rat): 766 mg/kg LD50Hazard: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

(Dermal, Rat): >2000 mg/kg Causes serious eye irritation.

May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or

breathing difficulties if inhaled.

Suspected of causing genetic defects.

Suspected of causing cancer.

May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Toxic to aquatic life.

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Dithiothreitol: LD50 (Oral, Rat): 400 mg/kg Corrosive to skin and eyes.

May cause damage to: liver

EthylenediaminetetraaceticLD50 (Oral, Rat): 2000 mg/kg

acid:

Skin irritant.

May cause behavioural changes. May cause damage to: kidneys

Glycerol: LD50 (Oral, Rat): 12,600 mg/kg May cause skin irritation.

May cause behavioural changes.

May cause damage to: nervous system, kidneys, cardiovascular system, liver

Hoechst 33342: LD50: Not available

Hydrochloric acid: LD50 [oral, rat]; 700 mg/kg

Corrosive to skin and eyes.

May cause behavioural changes.

May cause damage to: mucous membranes,

respiratory tract, digestive tract,

cardiovascular system.

Imidazole: LD50 (Oral, Rat): 220 mg/kg Corrosive to skin and eyes.

May cause damage to: reproductive system

Proclin-300: LD50 (Oral, Rat): 862 mg/kg Corrosive to skin and eyes.

May cause damage to: mucous membranes,

upper respiratory tract

Propidium iodide: LD50: Not available

Sodium azide: LD50 (Oral, Rat): 27 mg/kg

Corrosive to skin and eyes.

May cause damage to organs.

Sodium carbonate: LD50 (Oral, Rat): 4090 mg/kg Skin irritant.

May causes damage to: upper respiratory tract,

skin, eyes

Sodium hydroxide: LD50: Not available Corrosive to skin and eyes.

May cause damage to: digestive tract

Thimerosal: May cause damage to organs through prolonged

or repeated exposure.

Thymol: LD50 (Oral, Rat): 980 mg/kg Skin irritant.

May cause damage to: mucous membranes,

kidneys, liver, central nervous system

Trehalose: LD50: Not available Skin irritant.

May cause damage to: mucous membranes,

lungs

Zinc chloride: LD50 (Oral, Rat): 350 mg/kg Corrosive to skin and eyes.

May cause damage to: kidneys, pancreas